

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

230 SOUTH DEARBORN ST., 37^{TH} FLOOR CHICAGO, IL 60604

REGION V ILLINOIS INDIANA IOWA MINNESOTA NORTH DAKOTA WISCONSIN

March 8, 2022

Dr. Danielle Scott District Administrator Pecatonica Area School District 704 Cross Street Blanchardville, WI 53516

Sent via email only to: <u>dscott@pecatonica.k12.wi.us</u>

OCR Case No. 05-21-1074

Dear Dr. Scott:

The U.S. Department of Education (Department), Office for Civil Rights (OCR), has completed its investigation of the complaint filed on January 7, 2021, against the Pecatonica Area School District (District). The complaint alleges that during the 2020-2021 school year, the District discriminated against Student A, XXXXXXXXXXXXXX, on the basis of national origin (XXXXX) when it failed to provide her with appropriate English Learner (EL) services.

OCR is responsible for enforcing Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI), 42 U.S.C. § 2000d – 2000d-7, and its implementing regulation, 34 C.F.R. Part 100. Title VI prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin by recipients of Federal Financial Assistance (FFA). Title VI also prohibits retaliation. As a recipient of FFA from the Department, the District is subject to Title VI. Additional information about the laws OCR enforces can be found at www.ed.gov/ocr.

Applicable Legal Standards

The Title VI implementing regulations, at 34 C.F.R. §100.3(a) and (b), provide that a recipient of Federal financial assistance may not, directly or through contractual or other arrangements, on the ground of race, color or national origin, exclude persons from participation in its programs, deny them any service or benefits of its programs, or provide any service or benefit which is

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different or provided in a different manner from that provided to others. Section 100.3(b)(2) provides that, in determining the types of services or benefits that will be provided, recipients may not utilize criteria or methods of administration which have the effect of subjecting individuals to discrimination because of their race, color or national origin.

On May 25, 1970, pursuant to its authority under Title VI, the Department of Education issued a memorandum titled "<u>Identification of Discrimination and Denial of Services on the Basis of National Origin</u>." 35 Fed. Reg. 11,595 (July 18, 1970). The memorandum clarified OCR policy under Title VI on issues concerning the responsibility of school agencies to provide equal educational opportunity to limited English proficiency (LEP) national origin minority students. It states that school districts must take affirmative steps to address the language needs of LEP students (English Learners).

OCR policy interpreting Title VI and the May 25th memorandum requires school districts to select a sound educational theory for their programs for English learners, and to use practices, resources and personnel reasonably calculated to implement their educational theory. Districts have a dual responsibility to teach students English and to provide them with access to the curriculum, taking steps to ensure that students are not left with academic deficits. In addition, districts must evaluate the implementation and outcomes of their services for English learners to determine whether the services are successful in meeting these responsibilities and the program goals set by the district. If not, districts must modify the programs, as necessary.

Facts

Background

Student A's services during the 2019-20 School Year

¹ The District provided OCR with a copy of the home language survey Student A's parent completed on August 16, 2019, when they enrolled Student A in the District. The survey indicated that Student A spoke a language other than English in the home and on a regular basis and was currently receiving EL services.

Student A's Services During the 2020-2021 School Year

The Complainant stated that at the start of the 2020-2021 school year, he believed the District was not providing Student A with EL services because

XXX.

School Year 2021-2022

The School Psychologist told OCR that for the 2021-22 school year, she has taken on new duties with regards to EL students. The School Psychologist stated to OCR that the District plans to "tighten the EL processes" so that when an EL student is identified, she is notified and receives a copy of the home language survey, conducts WIDA screeners if necessary, identifies any ILP the student already has in place, and makes sure that the student is registered for the ACCESS exam. She also shared that she will likely be assigned to track and documents a student's individual progress and assessments in order to streamline the process. The School Psychologist shared that her new duties have not been formalized into her job description as there is a new principal and administrator for the District. The School Psychologist was unaware if the District memorialized any of the new procedures for EL student or if the staff received any training.

Analysis and Conclusion

OCR determined that the District violated Title VI by failing to take affirmative steps to address Student A's language needs, determine what services were appropriate, and track or monitor her progress, in order to ensure that she was not left with academic deficits. Furthermore, the evidence demonstrates that the District did not have procedures in place to effectively monitor Student A's progress.

In addition, the evidence indicates that the District did not evaluate the implementation and outcomes of their services for Student A to determine whether the services were successful in meeting its responsibilities and the program goals set by the District

The District also failed to ensure that Student A was annually assessed for English proficiency. In addition to language goals,

For these reasons, based on the evidence obtained during its investigation, OCR finds the preponderance of the evidence supports a determination that the District violated Title VI. The enclosed Resolution Agreement, when fully implemented, will address the identified violations. The provisions of the Resolution Agreement are aligned with the allegation in the complaint and the information obtained during OCR's investigation to date and are consistent with the applicable regulations. OCR will monitor the implementation of the Resolution Agreement.

Conclusion

This concludes OCR's investigation of the complaint and should not be interpreted to address the District's compliance with any other regulatory provision nor to address any issues other than those addressed in this letter. The letter sets forth OCR's determination in an individual OCR case. This letter is not a formal statement of OCR policy and should not be relied upon, cited, or construed as such. OCR's formal policy statements are approved by a duly authorized OCR official and made available to the public. OCR would also like to make you aware that individuals who file complaints with OCR may have the right to file a private suit in federal court whether or not OCR finds a violation.

It is important for you to understand that the laws OCR enforces also prohibit the District from harassing, coercing, intimidating, or discriminating against any individual because he or she has filed a complaint or participated in the complaint resolution process. If this happens, the Complainant may file another complaint against the District with OCR.

Under the Freedom of Information Act, it may be necessary to release this document and related correspondence and records upon request. In the event that OCR receives such a request, we will seek to protect, to the extent provided by law, personally identifiable information, which, if released, could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy.

OCR would like to thank the District, particularly the attorney for the District, Lori Lubinsky, for the courtesy and cooperation extended during the investigation. OCR looks forward to working with the District during the monitoring of the Resolution Agreement. If you have any questions or need assistance, please contact Marcela Castillo, Attorney, at (312) 730-1516 or marcela.castillo@ed.gov.

Sincerely,

Dawn R. Matthias Team Leader

Enclosure

cc: Lori Lubinsky